PREVENTATIVE HEALTHCARE

Common heath problems in rabbits include:

- Hairballs. Prevent these with regular brushing and a high-fiber diet with unlimited timothy hay. Surgery may be necessary if they cause gut blockage.
- **Overgrown teeth.** Feeding rabbits a high-fiber diet allows them to grind down their teeth to a usable length. If the teeth grow too long, they cause pain and prevent rabbits from eating. See a vet immediately if this is the case.
- **Overgrown nails.** Nails should be trimmed every 3–4 weeks.
- "Snuffles." This is a bacterial infection most often affecting the eyes (discharge, redness) or nose (discharge, sneezing). Treatment requires antibiotics. See a vet immediately.

Vet visits every 6–12 months are recommended, as well as a routine checkup after adopting your rabbit. **Spaying** female rabbits at 4–6 months of age is recommended, and **neutering** male rabbits decreases aggressive behavior.

Visit a vet immediately if your rabbit has reduced appetite, diarrhea, no feces, drooling, bloating, lethargy or difficulty urinating.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

For more comprehensive information on rabbit care, visit:

- rabbit.org
- myhouserabbit.com
- rspca.org.uk/adviceandwelfare/pets/ rabbits
- seavs.com

Area Vets

Stahl Exotic Animal Veterinary Services 4015 Rust Rd. Fairfax, VA 22030 (703) 491-1111

Pender Veterinary Clinic 4001 Legato Rd. Fairfax, VA 22033 (703) 654-3100

<u>Paws, Purts & Exotics</u> 5838-A North Kings Highway Alexandria, VA 22303 (703) 549-7297

Was this brochure helpful? Take a quick survey below:

tinyurl.com/y4s5clm9

Animal Welfare League of Arlington

2650 Arlington Mill Dr. Arlington, VA 22206

Phone: 703-931-9241 www.awla.org mail@awla.org

CARING FOR RABBITS

A BASIC GUIDE TO HUSBANDRY AND Preventative Healthcare







DIET

Food

- Timothy hay should be available in your rabbit's cage at all times and comprise 75–80% of its diet. Orchard grass, oat hay and meadow grass are acceptable alternatives.
- Timothy hay-based pellets are an optional supplement to hay. Recommended daily amount varies depending on your rabbit's weight.
- Rabbits should be fed about one cup of leafy green vegetables per 2 pounds of body weight each day. Suitable greens include romaine lettuce, red or green lettuce, carrot tops, kale, bok choy, endive and turnip greens.

Do not feed rabbits yogurt drops, nuts, seeds, or vegetables high in calcium. Alfalfa hay should not be fed to rabbits over 6 months old.

Water

 Provide in a bottle or spill-proof water bowl. Change water daily.

HOUSING

Caging

- Cages should be a minimum of 12 square feet, depending on your rabbit's size. An additional exercise space should be provided. Rabbits should spend at least 5 hours of their day in this exercise space or a comparable safe, enclosed exercise area.
- Cage floors should be plastic or steel, not wire.
- Be sure to "bunny proof" your house before letting a rabbit explore. Keep harmful products out of reach and prevent rabbits from chewing on objects such as power cords.
- In this climate, rabbits should be kept indoors. They are susceptible to overheating at temperatures above 85°F.

Environment

Rabbit cages should contain:

- A litter box containing a paper-based bedding such as Carefresh. Encourage your rabbit to use it by placing it where they most often eliminate. Remove waste daily.
- Safe materials, such as non-toxic cardboard, untreated wood or commercially available chew toys, to encourage natural chewing behavior and prevent dental disease.
- Other commercially available toys or food-stuffed objects. Toys should be regularly rearranged throughout the cage to promote mental stimulation.
- Unlimited access to water and hay.

Bedding

- Cages should be lined with a paper-based bedding such as Carefresh or Yesterday's News. Do not use wood shavings or cat litter.
- Bedding should be spot cleaned daily and changed weekly.

GENERAL CARE

- Rabbits should be either housed separately or paired with a **bonded mate**.
- Rabbits should generally be left in an enclosure when unsupervised.
- Rabbits spending time outdoors should do so in a safe enclosure and be under constant supervision. Keep them away from grass that has been treated with pesticides or chemicals.
- Rabbits shed heavily about every three months. They should be brushed at least weekly to prevent hairballs.

Behavior

- Rabbits are crepuscular; they sleep during the day and night, and are most active at dawn and twilight.
- Rabbits sometimes communicate through vocalizations. Grunting/ growling indicates anger, squealing indicates pain or distress and clicking or "buzzing" of the teeth indicates happiness and contentment.

